

Math 128a - Week 4 Worksheet
 (301) link: 12/10/21

2.3 Problems

Problem 1. Come up with a function $f \in C^2[a, b]$ with $f(p) = 0$ for some $p \in [a, b]$ such that Newton's method fails to converge for any initial guess not equal to p .

Problem 2. Derive the error formula for Newton's method:

$$|p - p_{n+1}| \leq \frac{M}{2|f'(p_n)|} |p - p_n|^2$$

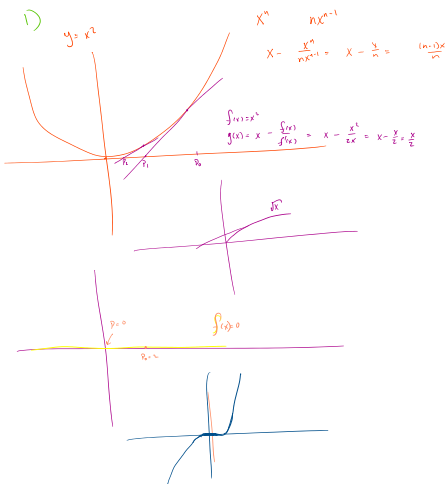
2.4 Problems

Problem 3. Generalize one of your homework problems. Construct a sequence p_n converging to p at order α with asymptotic error constant λ .

2.5 Problems

Problem 4. Stiffness's method is applied to a function $f(x)$ using $p_0^* = 1, p_0^{**} = 3$ to obtain $p_1^{**} = .75$. What is p_1^{**} ?

Problem 5. Prove that if p_n converges linearly to p and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p_{n+1} - p}{p_n - p} = \lambda$, then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p_n - p}{\lambda^n} = 0$ where p_n comes from Adom's D^2 method. (Hint: let $d_n = (p_{n+1} - p)/(p_n - p) - \lambda$ and show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} d_n = 0$. Then express $(p_{n+1} - p)/(p_n - p)$ in terms of d_n, d_{n+1} and λ .)



$$|p - p_{n+1}| \leq \frac{M}{2|f'(p_n)|} |p - p_n|^2 \quad (M = \max |f''(x)|)$$

$$p_{n+1} = p - \frac{f(p_n)}{f'(p_n)}$$

Newton's method

$$p_n - p_{n+1} = \frac{f(p_n)}{f'(p_n)}$$

@ Taylor at $x=p$

$$f(x) = \frac{f(p)}{0!} + f'(p)(x-p) + \frac{f''(\xi)}{2!}(x-p)^2 \leftarrow$$

$$= f'(p)(x-p) + \frac{f''(\xi)}{2}(x-p)^2$$

$$\frac{f(p_n)}{f'(p_n)} = \frac{f'(p)(p_n-p) + \frac{f''(\xi)}{2}(p_n-p)^2}{f'(p_n)} \leftarrow$$

$$p - p_{n+1} - p_n - p_{n+1} = \frac{f'(p)(p_n-p)}{f'(p_n)} + \frac{f''(\xi)(p_n-p)^2}{2f'(p_n)} + p - p_n$$

$$p - p_{n+1} = \left(\frac{f'(p)}{f'(p_n)} - 1 \right) (p_n - p) + \frac{f''(\xi)(p_n-p)^2}{2f'(p_n)}$$

$$f'(p_n) = f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n-p)$$

$$\frac{f'(p)}{f'(p_n)} = 1 + \frac{f''(\xi)(p_n-p)}{f'(p)}$$

$$= \frac{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n-p)}{f'(p)}$$

instead let $\tilde{g}(x) = x - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$ so $p_{n+1} = \tilde{g}(p_n)$

$$g'(x) = 1 - \frac{(f'(x))^2 - f(x)f''(x)}{(f'(x))^2}$$

$$g'(p) = 1 - \frac{(f'(p))^2 - f(p)f''(p)}{(f'(p))^2} = 0$$

$\cdot 1) = p$

$$\left(\frac{f'(p)}{f'(p_n)} - 1 \right) = \frac{f'(p)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n-p)} - 1 = \frac{f'(p) - f'(p) - f''(\xi)(p_n-p)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n-p)}$$

$$g'(p) = 1 - \frac{(f'(p))^2}{(f'(p))^2} = 0$$

$$g(p) = p$$

$$g(x) = p + \frac{g''(\xi)(x-p)^2}{2}$$

$$P_{n+1} - p = g(P_n) - p = p + \frac{g''(\xi)(P_n - p)^2}{2} - p = \frac{g''(\xi)(P_n - p)^2}{2}$$

§ $|P_{n+1} - p|$

$$P_{n+1} = p_n - \frac{f(p_n)}{f'(p_n)}$$

$$P_{n+1} - p = -\frac{f(p_n)}{f'(p_n)}$$

$$P_{n+1} - p = p - p$$

$$g(x) = x - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$$

$$g'(x) = 1 - \frac{(f'(x))^2 - f(x)f''(x)}{(f'(x))^2}$$

$$g''(x) = -\frac{(f''(x))^2 (2f'(x)f'(x) - f'(x)f''(x) - f''(x)f''(x)) - 2f'(x)f''(x)(f''(x) - f''(x))}{(f'(x))^3}$$

$$\left(\frac{f'(p)}{f'(p_n)} - 1 \right) = \frac{f'(p)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n - p)} - 1 = \frac{f'(p) - f'(p) - f''(\xi)(p_n - p)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n - p)} = \frac{-f''(\xi)(p_n - p)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n - p)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{-(p_n - p)^2 f''(\xi)}{f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n - p)} + \frac{f''(\xi_2)(p_n - p)^2}{2 f''(p_n)} \right| \\ & \leq \frac{M |P_n - p|^2}{|f'(p) + f''(\xi)(P_n - p)|} + \frac{M |P_n - p|^2}{2 |f''(p_n)|} \end{aligned}$$

$$|f'(p) + f''(\xi)(p_n - p)| \geq$$